#### Nail Salon Workers

Understanding toxicants in nail salons and how you can minimize your exposure





Learn more about the chemicals in your everyday products and environment:

The Environmental Working Group: www.ewg.org

**Explore our website:** www.seed-program.org

**Contact & Follow us:** SEED@hsph.harvard.edu (Twitter and Instagram) @drmesserlian



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## How can I minimize my exposure?



Replace nail polish, personal care products, and cleaning supplies with non-toxic items

Jse.nitrile gloves without EDCs (typically listed as DEHP)



Wear a masks and increase airflow in the workspace



Do not use perfume or products with fragrance (e.g., candles and fresheners)



Wash hands before eating and after handling electronics (e.g., nail salon equipment)



Limit consumption of fast foods and takeout; avoid single-use plastics





#### **EDC**s

Endocrine-disrupting chemicals (EDCs) interrupt normal hormonal activity by mimicking, blocking, or altering hormones and changing the way that they function in the body.

**EDCs** include phthalates, phenols, per- and polyfluoroalkyl substances (PFAS), and other toxicants. Some EDCs are rapidly removed from the body, while others can remain in the body for a long time. Most people are exposed to multiple EDCs daily, allowing these chemicals to remain at harmful concentrations.

### These chemicals are harmful

Current research suggests that EDCs, including PFAS, can lead to adverse health effects such as:

- ✗ Increases risk of reproductive disorders and adverse birth outcomes
- X Impairs neurodevelopment
- X Alters immune function
- X Increases cancers risk
- X Alters metabolic function

Nail salon workers are exposed to many hazards, including EDCs. Workers are exposed when inhaling nail polish fumes and handing nail care products. Additional exposure to EDCs is possible during routine activities. Minimizing exposure to EDCs during your reproductive years is especially important!

# EDCs are in nail salon products



Nail polish and nail polish remover, including acrylics



Polyvinyl chloride gloves (nitrile rubber gloves are ok)



Personal care products (e.g., hand lotion and soaps), dental products, and cosmetics



Fragrance, including perfume, scented lotions, air fresheners, and candles



Cleaning products, dust, and electronic devices



Takeout containers, plastic packaging, canned foods and beverages (single-use plastic)