

## Healthcare Workers

Understanding everyday toxicants and how you can minimize your exposure



## Additional Resources

Learn more about the chemicals in your everyday products and environment:

**The Environmental Working Group:** www.ewg.org

**Explore our website:** www.seed-program.org

**Contact & Follow us:** 

SEED@hsph.harvard.edu (Twitter and Instagram) @drmesserlian



HEALTH & DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM



### How can I minimize my exposure?













#### **EDCs**

Endocrine-disrupting chemicals (EDCs) interrupt normal hormonal activity by mimicking, blocking, or altering hormones and changing the way that they function in the body.

**EDCs** include phthalates, phenols, per- and polyfluoroalkyl substances (PFAS), and other toxicants. Some **EDCs** are rapidly removed from the body, while others can remain in the body for a long time. Most people are exposed to multiple EDCs daily, allowing these chemicals to remain at harmful concentrations.



# These chemicals harm our health

to negatively impact the body.
These chemicals can:

- X Impair reproductive health
- X Alter metabolic function
- x Increase risk of cancer development
- X Reduce immune function
- Damage DNA



Healthcare workers are exposed to many hazards including EDCs.
Minimizing exposure to EDCs during your reproductive years is especially important!

#### **EDCs are everywhere**



Antibacterial or antimicrobial soaps, cleaning supplies (e.g., sprays), dust, and construction materials (e.g., plastic tubes)



Personal care products, dental products, nail polish, nail polish remover, and cosmetics



Polyvinyl chloride gloves (nitrile rubber gloves are ok)



Medical devices, medical lubricants and tubing, electronics, and some pharmaceutical capsules



Takeout containers, plastic packaging, canned foods and beverages, and plastic kitchen and storage items



Unfiltered water sources and processed drinks